Calculus 5.2 notes- Definite Integrals
Consider using any RAM to approximate the area under the following curve


In general, what is the area of each rectangle?

What is the sum of all rectangles?

How could we find the exact area?

There must be a better way to write this?!

The integral:

## About the Integral:

1. All continuous functions over [a,b] are integrable.
2. The area under the curve if $f(x)>0$
is $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x$
3. The area under a curve if $f(x)<0$ is $-\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x$
4. $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x=$ (Area above $x$-axis) - (Area below x -axis)

Evaluate each integral using areas

1. $\int_{0}^{4} 2 d x$
2. $\int_{0}^{2}-\frac{1}{2} x d x$
3. $\int_{0}^{4}(2 x-1) d x$
4. $\int_{-1}^{1} \sqrt{1-x^{2}} d x$

Evaluate each integral using areas.
5. $\int_{2}^{4} x d x$
6. $\int_{-3}^{2}|x| d x$
7. $\int_{0}^{b} 2 x d x$
8. $\int_{a}^{b} x d x$

Evaluate each integral using your calculator
9. $\int_{-1}^{3} x^{2} d x$
10. $\int_{0}^{\pi} \sin x d x$
11. $\int_{-3}^{3}\left(9-x^{2}\right) d x$

